ITC Family & Community Resources Master Rubric							
Competency	Distinguished	Proficient	Needs Improvement	Unsatisfactory	Unable to Assess		
FCR1: Describes the inter-relationship between children, family, practitioners, and community contexts, their influence on families' approaches to parenting children birth to age three, and the impact on family-practitioner collaboration. NAEYC: 1a, 1b, 2a, 2b IPTS: 9C, 9H ITC: 2-4F1, 2-4F8, 5F1, 5F8	Provides examples demonstrating understanding of how family structures, diversity in social, cultural, linguistic, or religious background influence families' approaches to parenting children birth-3, and to practitioners' approaches to collaboration. Describes how community characteristics, family structures, and diversity in social, cultural, linguistic, or religious background influence families' and practitioner's perspectives and interactions with children birth-3, each other, and the community. Explains how relationships among practitioners, infants/toddlers, and families can impact other child-family, child-practitioner, and practitioner-family relationships. Uses research and evidence-base to support explanation.	Provides examples demonstrating understanding of how family structures, diversity in social, cultural, linguistic, or religious background influence families' approaches to parenting children birth-3, and to practitioners' approaches to collaboration. Describes how community characteristics, family structures, and diversity in social, cultural, linguistic, or religious background influence families' and practitioner's perspectives and interactions with children birth-3, each other, and the community. Explains how relationships among practitioners, infants/toddlers, and families can impact other child-family, child-practitioner, and practitioner-family relationships.	Provides limited examples demonstrating understanding of how family structures, diversity in social, cultural, linguistic, or religious background influence families' approaches to parenting children birth-3, and to practitioners' approaches to collaboration. Describes, in part, how community characteristics, family structures, and diversity in social, cultural, linguistic, or religious background influence families' and practitioner's perspectives and interactions with children birth-3, each other, and the community. Provides surface explanation of how relationships among practitioners, infants/toddlers, and families can impact other child-family, child-practitioner, and practitioner-family relationships.	Provides examples demonstrating a lack of understanding of how family structures, diversity in social, cultural, linguistic, or religious background influence families' approaches to parenting children birth-3, and to practitioners' approaches to collaboration. Inaccurately describes how community characteristics, family structures, and diversity in social, cultural, linguistic, or religious background influence families' and practitioner's perspectives and interactions with children birth-3, each other, and the community. Provides an inaccurate explanation of how relationships among practitioners, infants/toddlers, and families can impact other child-family, child-practitioner, and practitioner-family relationships.			
FCR2: Demonstrates behavior that reflects confidentiality and awareness of the unique role of providing services to infants/toddlers and their families. NAEYC: 6d IPTS: N/A ITC: 2-4G11, 2-4G12	Provides examples of unique confidentiality issues and responsibilities that may arise in providing services to infants/toddlers and their families. Engages in behavior reflective of confidentiality. Engages in behaviors reflective of understanding the unique role of providing services to infants/toddlers and their families. Identifies strategies that would support colleagues in developing and engaging in confidential behaviors and behaviors that demonstrate awareness of the unique role of providing services to infants/toddlers and their families.	Provides examples of unique confidentiality issues and responsibilities that may arise in providing services to infants/toddlers and their families. Engages in behavior reflective of confidentiality. Engages in behaviors reflective of understanding the unique role of providing services to infants/toddlers and their families.	Provides limited examples of unique confidentiality issues and responsibilities that may arise in providing services to infants/toddlers and their families. Engages in behavior reflective of confidentiality on a fairly consistent basis. Generally, engages in behaviors reflective of understanding the unique role of providing services to infants/toddlers and their families.	Does not maintain confidentiality. Behavior not reflective of understanding the unique role of providing services to infants/toddlers and their families.			

FCR3:	Engages in strengths-based, family-	Engages in strengths-based, family-	Engages in positive interactions with	Engages in interactions with children,	1
Engages in interactions and	centered, relationship-based	centered, relationship-based	children, families, and other	families, and other practitioners that are	
demonstrates practice with children,	interactions with children, families, and	interactions with children, families, and	practitioners.	not reflective of a strength-based lens.	
families, and practitioners reflective of	other practitioners.	other practitioners.	practitioners.	not reflective of a strength-based iens.	
a strengths-based, family-centered,	onici practitioners.	other practitioners.	Demonstrates supportive practices	Demonstrates practices that are not	
	Daniel de la constant	Danamina tha storogth and hancet			
relationship-based approach.	Demonstrates strengths-based, family-	Recognizes the strengths and benefits,	within settings serving infants and	supportive of children, families, and	
N. P. P. C. 11 . 0 . 01	centered, relationship-based practice	and supports any potential challenges	toddlers.	colleagues within settings serving	
NAEYC : 1b, 2a, 2b	within settings serving infants and	of families of infants and toddlers who		infants and toddlers.	
IPTS : 9C, 9D, 9G	toddlers.	are learning English as a second	Recognizes the strengths of families of		
ITC: 2-4F2, 2-4F6, 2-4F7, 5F2, 5F6,		language and/or multiple languages and	infants and toddlers who are learning	Does not recognize the strengths of	
5F7	Recognizes the strengths and benefits,	families with infants and toddlers with	English as a second language and/or	families of infants and toddlers who are	
	and supports any potential challenges	developmental delays, disabilities,	multiple languages and families with	learning English as a second language	
	of families of infants and toddlers who	and/or other special needs, (e.g.,	infants and toddlers with	and/or multiple languages and families	
	are learning English as a second	stressful circumstances, illness).	developmental delays, disabilities,	with infants and toddlers with	
	language and/or multiple languages and		and/or other special needs, (e.g.,	developmental delays, disabilities,	
	families with infants and toddlers with		stressful circumstances, illness).	and/or other special needs, (e.g.,	
	developmental delays, disabilities,			stressful circumstances, illness).	
	and/or other special needs, (e.g.,				
	stressful circumstances, illness).				
	biressiai eireamstances, inness).				
	Uses research and evidence-base to				
	support and advocate for a strengths-				
	based, family-centered, relationship-				
ECD4	based approach.	D 1 1 C C	D 11 1 C	D 11 1 C	
FCR4:	Provides examples of a range of	Provides examples of a range of	Provides examples of strategies to	Provides inaccurate examples of	ŀ
Collaborates with families to nurture	strategies to promote socialization and	strategies to promote socialization and	promote socialization and nurture	strategies to promote socialization and	
healthy development, learning, mental	nurture social competence in infants	nurture social competence in infants	social competence in infants and	nurture social competence in infants	
health and well-being within and	and toddlers within their cultural and	and toddlers within their cultural and	toddlers within their cultural and	and toddlers within their cultural and	
between infant and toddler social and	societal contexts.	societal contexts.	societal contexts.	societal contexts.	
cultural contexts.		Collaborates with families as partners	Collaborates with families to nurture	Engages in behavior that undermines	
	Collaborates with families as partners	to nurture healthy development,	healthy development, learning, mental	collaboration with families.	
NAEYC : 1b, 2b, 2c, 4a, 4b, 4c	to nurture healthy development,	learning, mental health and well-being	health and well-being within and		
IPTS: 9C, 9E	learning, mental health and well-being	within and between infant and toddler	between infant and toddler social and		
ITC: 2-4E10, 2-4F3, 2-4F10, 5E10,	within and between infant and toddler	social and cultural contexts.	cultural contexts.		
5F3	social and cultural contexts.				
	Identifies strategies that support				
	families and other colleagues as				
	advocates for family-practitioner				
	collaboration nurturing healthy				
	development, learning, mental health				
	and well-being within and between				
	infant and toddler social and cultural				
	contexts.				
FCR5:	Recognizes aspects of early care and	Recognizes aspects of early care and	Recognizes aspects of early care and	Recognition of aspects of early care	
Employs a developmental approach to	education that may be emotionally	education that may be emotionally	education that may be emotionally	and education that may be emotionally	
understanding and collaborating with	salient and/or particularly difficult for	salient and/or particularly difficult for	salient and/or particularly difficult for	salient and/or particularly difficult for	
families of infants and toddlers.	families of infants and toddlers (e.g.,	families of infants and toddlers (e.g.,	families of infants and toddlers (e.g.,	families of infants and toddlers (e.g.,	
rammes of infants and toddiers.	leaving their children for the first time,	leaving their children for the first time,	leaving their children for the first time,	leaving their children for the first time,	
NAEYC : 1a, 1b, 2b, 2c, 6d	the families' first experience with	the families' first experience with	the families' first experience with	the families' first experience with	
IPTS: 9C, 9E, 9H	practitioners), and names ways to	practitioners), and names ways to	practitioners).	practitioners) inaccurate or incomplete.	
		support families and ensure parent-	praemioners).	practitioners) maccurate of incomplete.	
ITC: 2-4A19, 2-4F5, 5A19, 5F5, 5F9,	support families and ensure parent-				
5F10	practitioner partnerships.	practitioner partnerships.			
	Haraman and de la territoria				
	Uses research and developmental				
ECD(theory to support rationale.	N L' L . U.L .	DI I' I I	DI II I	
<u>FCR6</u> :	Plans and implements collaborative	Plans and implements collaborative	Plans and implements learning	Plans and implements learning	

Plans and implements collaborative learning opportunities, in partnership with families, that are supportive of the healthy development, learning, mental health and well-being of infants and toddlers. NAEYC: 2b, 2c IPTS: 8A, 8E, 9H ITC: 2-4E18, 2-4F11, 2-4F13, 5E18, 5F11, 5F13	learning opportunities, in partnership with families, that are supportive of the healthy development, learning, mental health and well-being of infants and toddlers. Identifies strategies that support families and other colleagues as advocates for family-practitioner collaboration in planning learning opportunities for infants and toddlers.	learning opportunities, in partnership with families, that are supportive of the healthy development, learning, mental health and well-being of infants and toddlers.	opportunities, based on family knowledge, that are supportive of the healthy development, learning, mental health and well-being of infants and toddlers.	opportunities.	
ECR7: Designs and advocates for program policies and practices that support a collaborative team approach, with families as essential partners, in supporting the healthy development, learning, mental health and well-being of infants and toddlers. NAEYC: 1c, 2c, 4c IPTS: 9C ITC: 2-4F9, 2-4F15, 5F15	Utilizes the positive benefits of a collaborative team approach to working with families and colleagues when supporting the development and learning of infants and toddlers, including children from all cultural backgrounds, who have varying abilities as well as those who are multilingual. Designs and supports program practices and practitioner strategies that can be used to encourage families to share information about home care giving routines, practices, and preferences, and support them in their parenting roles. Advocates for program practices and practitioner strategies that can be used to encourage families to share information about home care giving routines, practices, and preferences, and support them in their parenting routines, practices, and preferences, and support them in their parenting roles. Supports families and colleagues as advocates and equal participants in supporting the healthy development, learning, mental health and well-being of infants and toddlers, identifying strategies that support essential knowledge and skills.	Utilizes the positive benefits of a collaborative team approach to working with families and colleagues when supporting the development and learning of infants and toddlers, including children from all cultural backgrounds, who have varying abilities as well as those who are multilingual. Designs and supports program practices and practitioner strategies that can be used to encourage families to share information about home care giving routines, practices, and preferences, and support them in their parenting roles. Advocates for program practices and practitioner strategies that can be used to encourage families to share information about home care giving routines, practices, and preferences, and support them in their parenting routines, practices, and preferences, and support them in their parenting roles.	Utilizes the positive benefits of a collaborative team approach to working with families and colleagues when supporting the development and learning of infants and toddlers. Designs and supports program practices and practitioner strategies that can be used to encourage families to share information about home care giving routines, practices, and preferences. Advocates for program practices and practitioner strategies that can be used to encourage families to share information about home care giving routines, practices, and preferences.	Engages in actions that are detrimental to developing and maintaining a collaborative team approach. Designs and supports program practices and practitioner strategies ignore or undermine family sharing of information about home care giving routines, practices, and preferences. Engages in actions that undermine families' sharing of information about home care giving routines, practices, and preferences.	

Yellow= Level 2 Green=Level 3

Orange=Level 4

Blue=Level 5