SAYD Human Growth & Development Master Rubric						
Competency	Distinguished	Proficient	Needs Improvement	Unsatisfactory	Unable to Assess	
SAYD HGD1: Identifies and defines concepts, principles, and theories of development and learning for school-age and youth.	Identifies developmental characteristics of school-age and youth.  Defines the relationship between stages of development and prevailing practice.  Provides research to support response.	Identifies developmental characteristics of school-age and youth.  Recognizes the relationship between stages of development and evidence-based practice.	Provides a partial identification of developmental characteristics of school-age and youth.  Provides a partial description of the relationship between stages of development and prevailing practice.	Provides an inaccurate or incomplete identification of developmental characteristics of school-age and youth.  Description of the relationship between stages of development and prevailing practice inaccurate or incomplete.		
SAYD HGD2: Identifies unique patterns of development and learning and the holistic consequences of risk and resilience factors in influencing SAY development, learning, and well-being.	Identifies and respects unique patterns of SAY development and learning.  Recognizes the developmental consequences of stress and trauma, the role of protective factors and resilience in schoolage and youth's development and learning, and the critical role of asset development in nurturing the healthy development of SAY.  Describes areas of exceptionality in learning as defined in the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (IDEA).  Uses research as a rationale undergirding the critical need for a holistic understanding of SAY development, learning, and wellbeing.	Identifies and respects unique patterns of SAY development and learning.  Recognizes the developmental consequences of stress and trauma, the role of protective factors and resilience in schoolage and youth's development and learning, and the critical role of asset development in nurturing the healthy development of SAY.  Describes areas of exceptionality in learning as defined in the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (IDEA).	Describes unique patterns of SAY development and learning.  Identifies the developmental consequences of stress and trauma, the role of protective factors and resilience in schoolage and youth's development and learning, and the critical role of asset development in nurturing the healthy development of SAY.  Describes areas of exceptionality in learning as defined in the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (IDEA).	Provides an inaccurate or incomplete description of unique patterns of SAY development and learning.  Inaccurately describes the developmental consequences of stress and trauma, the role of protective factors and resilience in school-age and youth's development and learning, and the critical role of asset development in nurturing the healthy development of SAY.  Provides an inaccurate description of areas of exceptionality in learning as defined in the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (IDEA).		
SAYD HGD3: Describes the interrelationship between family culture, language, environmental context (including stress, trauma, protective factors, bias,	Describes how developmental variations and family culture, language, and environment influences growth and development.	Describes how developmental variations and family culture, language, and environment influences growth and development.	Describes factors that influence growth and development.  Identifies the impact of cultural bias and the influence of one's own cultural perspectives/biases	Provides an inaccurate or incomplete description of factors that influence growth and development.  Provides an inaccurate or		

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and resilience), ability, biological factors, and protective factors how these factors influence SAY development, learning, and well-being.	Summarizes the role of cultural bias on human development, and the influence of one's own cultural perspectives/biases when working with school-age, youth, and families.  Anticipates the interaction between the environmental context, physical, social and environmental assets and risks and biological factors, and their potential effect on school-age and youth.  Identifies evidence-based resources to support positive outcomes for SAY and their families.	Summarizes the role of cultural bias on human development, and the influence of one's own cultural perspectives/biases when working with school-age, youth, and families.  Anticipates the interaction between the environmental context, physical, social and environmental assets and risks and biological factors, and their potential effect on school-age and youth.	on working with school-age, youth, and families.  Identifies the interaction between the environmental context, physical, social and environmental assets and risks and biological factors.	incomplete description of the impact of cultural bias and the influence of one's own cultural perspectives/biases on working with school-age, youth, and families.  Fails to identify the interaction between the environmental context, physical, social and environmental assets and risks and biological factors.		
SAYD HGD4: Describes contextual influences on SAY development, learning, and well-being, including structural biases and models for work.	Describes current theoretical models supporting understanding of contextual influences (including work and structural bias) on SAY development and well-being.  Describes the impact of common societal and structural biases on SAY learning, development, and well-being.  Identifies goals for professional development based on knowledge of societal factors and structural biases.	Describes current theoretical models supporting understanding of contextual influences (including work and structural bias) on SAY development and well-being.  Describes the impact of common societal and structural biases on SAY learning, development, and well-being.	Identifies current theoretical models supporting understanding of contextual influences (including work and structural bias) on SAY development and well-being.  Identifies the impact of common societal and structural biases on SAY learning, development, and well-being.	Provides an inaccurate or incomplete description of current theoretical models supporting understanding of contextual influences (including work and structural bias) on SAY development and well-being.  Provides an inaccurate or incomplete description of common societal and structural biases on SAY learning, development, and well-being.		
SAYD HGD5: Describes and develops strategies supportive of SAY asset development designed to nurture motivation and	Describes current theories of human motivation (e.g., those developed by Maslow-Hierarchy of Needs, and Glasser-Choice Theory).	Describes current theories of human motivation (e.g., those developed by Maslow-Hierarchy of Needs, and Glasser-Choice Theory).	Identifies current theories of human motivation (e.g., those developed by Maslow-Hierarchy of Needs, and Glasser-Choice Theory).	Identifies inaccurate or unrelated theories of human motivation to SAY asset development, motivation, and resilience.		

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Competency	Distinguished	Proficient	Needs Improvement	Unsatisfactory	Unable to Assess	
resilience.	Describes current resilience and asset development frameworks.  Practices evidence-based strategies designed to support, develop, and nurture motivation and resilience with school-age and youth.  Identifies professional development strategies to foster personal motivation and resilience.	Describes current resilience and asset development frameworks.  Practices evidence-based strategies designed to support, develop, and nurture motivation and resilience with school-age and youth.	Identifies current resilience and asset development frameworks.  Describes evidence-based strategies designed to support, develop, and nurture motivation and resilience with school-age and youth.	Identifies inaccurate or unrelated resilience and asset development frameworks.  Describes inaccurate or unrelated strategies that are unlikely to support, develop, and nurture motivation and resilience with school-age and youth.		
SAYD HGD6: Recognizes diverse patterns of development and learning and the holistic consequences of risk and resilience factors influencing SAY development, learning, and well-being across varied developmental contexts and the developmental trajectory.	Outlines the salient features of the major development theories to apply at each developmental level for school-age and youth.  Recognizes physical and social environmental assets and risk factors that potentially exist within families and communities and influence development and learning.  Recognizes the etiologies and characteristics of common disabilities.  Recognizes characteristics of ability-diverse school-age and youth in a variety of modalities and settings (e.g., academic, social, athletic)  Identifies community supports beneficial to supporting the healthy development, learning, and well-being of SAY and their families.	Outlines the salient features of the major development theories to apply at each developmental level for school-age and youth.  Recognizes physical and social environmental assets and risk factors that potentially exist within families and communities and influence development and learning.  Recognizes the etiologies and characteristics of common disabilities.  Recognizes characteristics of ability-diverse school-age and youth in a variety of modalities and settings (e.g., academic, social, athletic)	Outlines features of the major development theories for schoolage and youth.  Identifies physical and social environmental assets and risk factors that exist within families and communities and influence development and learning.  Identifies etiologies and characteristics of common disabilities.  Identifies characteristics of ability-diverse school-age and youth.	Provides inaccurate or incomplete information on the major development theories for school-age and youth.  Provides an inaccurate identification of physical and social environmental assets and risk factors that exist within families and communities and influence development and learning.  Provides an inaccurate identification of the etiologies and characteristics of common disabilities.  Provides an inaccurate identification of the characteristics of ability-diverse school-age and youth.		

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SAYD HGD7: Utilizes evidence-based practice to reflect on the outcomes of SAY development, learning, and well-being.	Compares theories and concepts of school-age and youth development with one's frame-of-reference.  Describes outcomes of school-age and youth behavior and development when prevailing theories and concepts are consistently employed, and incorporated into practice.  Engages in self-reflection through a theoretical lens.	Compares theories and concepts of school-age and youth development with one's frame-of-reference.  Reflects on outcomes of school-age and youth behavior and development when prevailing theories and concepts are consistently employed, and incorporates into practice.  Reflects on outcomes of school-age and youth behavior and development when prevailing theories and concepts are consistently employed, and incorporates into practice.	Identifies theories and concepts of school-age and youth development with one's frame-of-reference.  Describes outcomes of school-age and youth behavior and development.	Inaccurately identifies theories and concepts of school-age and youth development with one's frame-of-reference.  Provides an inaccurate or incomplete description of outcomes of school-age and youth behavior and development.		

Level 2—Yellow Level 3—Green Level 4—Orange Level 5—Blue